

VS.

§§Case No.§

ORDER GOVERNING PROCEEDINGS

(Patent Cases)

The case is SET for the Initial Rule 16 Management Conference	on	, at
m., in Courtroom 2 at the United States Courthouse in Beaumont, Texas.	Lead counsel	for each party, with
authority to bind their respective clients, and all unrepresented parties, shall	be present.	Continuance of the
management conference will not be allowed absent a showing of good cause ¹ .		

A. Rule 26 Attorney Conference

The Rule 26(f) attorney conference in this case must occur **by** ______. The conference may be by telephone. Rule 26(f)requires attorneys of record and all unrepresented parties to confer and attempt in good faith to agree on a proposed scheduling order (See Appendix C) and to file with the clerk **a joint report** outlining their proposals **no later than 14 days after the conference**.

Before commencing the Rule 26(f) conference, counsel must discuss settlement options with their clients, including whether an offer or demand should be made at the Rule 26(f) attorney conference. Counsel should also inquire whether their clients are amenable to trial before a United States magistrate judge. Parties willing to consent should submit the appropriate form (appendix "B: to the Local Rules for the Eastern District of Texas) to the district clerk as soon as possible so that the case can be reset for management conference before the magistrate judge to whom the case is assigned.

The parties must include the following matters in the joint conference report.

¹ Before the case management conference, counsel and unrepresented parties should review the FEDERAL RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, the LOCAL COURT RULES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS, and the PATENT RULES of this court (all as most recently amended). The Local Court Rules and the Patent Rules are available on the Eastern District of Texas website (http://www.txed.uscourts.gov)

- (1) Suggested modifications of the proposed deadlines for the scheduling order set out in Appendix C, including:.
 - a. Whether the court will hear live testimony at the Claim Construction Hearing;
 - b. The need for and any specific limits on discovery relating to claim construction, including depositions of witnesses, including expert witnesses;
 - c. The order of presentation at the Claim Construction Hearing; and
 - d. The scheduling of a Claim Construction Pre-hearing Conference to be held after the Joint Claim Construction and Pre-hearing Statement provided for in P.R.403 has been filed.
- (2) If a party, or the parties jointly, believe that referral to mediation is inappropriate, the reasons for this belief should be stated. If the parties believe mediation may be appropriate, and the parties can agree upon a mediator, the name, address, and phone number of that mediator should be stated.
- (3) What changes, if any, should be made to the limitations on discovery imposed by the rules, including the number of depositions and interrogatories.
- (4) The identity of persons expected to be deposed.
- (5) Whether any other orders should be entered by the Court pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c), Fed. R. Civ. P. 16(b) or Fed. R. Civ. P. 16(c).
- (6) Estimated trial time.
- (7) The names of the attorneys who will appear on behalf of the parties at the management conference (the appearing attorney must be an attorney of record and have full authority to bind the client).
- (8) Any other matters counsel deem appropriate for inclusion in the joint conference report.

B. Protective Order

The Protective Order, attached as Appendix A is hereby entered in this case and shall apply to all discovery and disclosures herein.

C. Compliance with Patent Rules

The Patent Rules of this court (cited as P.R. ____), (available on the Eastern District Website) shall apply to all proceedings in this case. In the absence of a showing of good cause by a party objecting to a required disclosure, the parties shall disclose, without further request or order, all information required by the Patent Rules in accordance with the deadlines set by the court after the Initial Rule 16 Management Conference.

D. Initial Discovery

Mandatory Disclosures consist of Initial Disclosures required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(1) and the information set out in P.R. 2-2. To the extent any such information is not required by the Scheduling Order to be disclosed at an earlier date, Mandatory Disclosures shall be completed by the date set in the Scheduling Order entered after the Rule 16 management conference.

To the extent that any party pleads a claim for relief or defensive matter other than those addressed in the Court's Patent Rules, the parties shall also, without waiting for a request from other parties, exchange, by the date set for Mandatory Disclosures, all such information relevant to those additionally pleaded claims or defenses involved in this action.

Absent agreement of the parties, depositions of witnesses shall not be taken until after the Initial Rule 16 management conference. Following the management conference, the court will enter a scheduling order establishing parameters of discovery and setting deadlines controlling disposition of the case.

E. Discovery Limitations

Given the extensive disclosures required without a request from opposing party, absent further order of this court, discovery in this cause is limited to the disclosures described in this order, the Patent Rules and the Scheduling Order, together with 45 interrogatories, 45 requests for admissions, depositions on written questions of custodians of business records for third parties, and 70 hours of deposition time per side. "Side" means a party or a group of parties with a common interest. Time will count whether used in direct examination or cross-examination of any witness. Any party may move at the Initial Management Conference to modify these limitations for good cause.

F. Privileged Information

There is no duty to disclose privileged documents or information. However, the parties are directed to meet and confer concerning privileged documents or information at the Initial Rule 26 Conference. As directed in the Scheduling Order, the parties shall exchange privilege logs identifying the documents or information and the basis for any disputed claim of privilege in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the other parties to assess the applicability of the privilege or protection. Any party may move the court for an order compelling the production of any documents or information identified on any other party's privilege log. If such a motion is made, the party asserting privilege shall respond to the motion within the time period provided by Local Rule CV-7. The party asserting privilege shall file with its response any proof in the form of declarations or affidavits to support assertions of privilege, along with the documents over which privilege is asserted for *in camera* inspection. If the parties have no disputes concerning privileged documents or information, then the parties shall inform the court of that fact.

H. Failure to Serve

Any defendant who has not been served with the summons and complaint within 130 days after the filing of the complaint shall be dismissed, without further notice, unless prior to such time the party on whose behalf such service is required shows good cause why service has not been made. (See Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(m).)

I. Fictitious Parties

The name of every party shall be set out in the complaint (Fed. R. Civ. P. 10(a)). The use of fictitious names is disfavored by federal courts. *Doe v. Blue Cross & Blue Shield*, 112 F.3d. 869 (7th Cir. 1997). It is hereby ORDERED that this action be DISMISSED as to all fictitious parties. Dismissal is without prejudice to the right of any party to take advantage of the provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 15(c).

J. Contested Motion Practice

Parties shall comply with the guidelines in Appendix B - Contested Motion Practice.

K. Discovery Disputes

A magistrate judge is available during business hours to immediately hear discovery disputes and to enforce provisions of the rules. The hotline is an appropriate means to obtain an immediate ruling on whether a discovery request is relevant to a claim or defense and on disputes which arise during depositions. The hotline number is (903) 590-1198. See Local Rule CV-26(e).

L. Settlement

Order Governing Proceedings (Patent Cases) Rev. 9/29/03

Plaintiff's counsel shall immediately notify the court upon settlement.

M. Compliance

Attorneys and *pro se* litigants who appear in this court shall comply with the deadlines set forth in the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure the Local Rules for the Eastern District of Texas as modified by the Patent Rules of this court, and this court's orders. A party is not excused from the requirements of an order by virtue of the fact that dispositive motions are pending, the party has not completed its investigation, the party challenges the sufficiency of the opposing party's disclosure, or because another party has failed to comply with this order or the rules.

Failure to comply with relevant provisions of the Local Rules, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Patent Rules of this court, or any order of this court may result in the exclusion of evidence at trial, the imposition of sanctions by the court, or both. If a fellow member of the Bar makes a just request for cooperation or seeks scheduling accommodation, a lawyer will not arbitrarily or unreasonable withhold consent. However, the court is not bound to accept agreements of counsel to extend deadlines imposed by rule or court order. See Local Rule AT-3(j).

N. Resources

The Eastern District of Texas website (http://www.txed.uscourts.gov) contains the Eastern District Local Rules, this court's Patent Rules, forms such as the Joint Final Pretrial Order, links to other judicial sites and other information. For a fee, the PACER system allows you to access case information via the internet. To establish a PACER account, call (800) 676-6856 or (210) 301-6440.

SIGNED, 2003	
SO ORDERED.	
••	•

Appendices A. B. and C. are attached and incorporated herein.